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JEFFREY NUNAN,
Editor and Proprietor.

THE IRISH NEWS.

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THE THREE CRIMES.

AN EASTERN TALE,

Hamet Abdallah was an inhabitant of a grotto on one of the slopes of Monnt Olympus. When he stood at the entrance of his humble dwelling, he could embrace at one glance all the territory originally possessed by Osman, the founder of the Ottoman Empire, and, as he five times a day offered up his prayers to Allah, he invoked blessings upon the head of Solyman the Magnificient, the reigning Sultan in whose time he lived Indeed. Abdallah was renowned for his sanctity, and the inhabitants of the vicinity of his dwelling treated him with most marked respect.

He was not, however, entitled to this excessive veneration by his age for he had scarcely attained his fourtieth year when the incident of this tale took place. His venerable father, who was himself a dervise of great sanctity, and whose years amounted to four score, resided with him in the same grotto, and fortunate was deemed the individual who on his way along the slopes of Olympus was allowed to join the prayers of the two dervises kneeling upon the ground at the entrance of the cave, and turning their countenances toward the holy cities of Meca and Medina.

Hamet Abdallah was one morning roving among the groves and woods which extended up the mountain far above his grotto, and pondering upon the passage in the Koran which he had been persuing but a short time previously, when his foot suddenly struck against something hard upon the ground.—He looked downward and saw an iron ring fastened to a small brass plate which was let into a square of stone work and seemed to cover a hollow place or well. Obeying a sudden impulse of curiosity, Hamer applied his his hand to the ring and pulled it with all his force. After many vain exertions the brass plate yielded to his efforts, and he fell backward with the sudden shock.

Before he had time to rise and examine the apature thus laid bare, a dense volume of smoke issued from the hole, and ascended in the air to the hight of several thousand feet.

Hamet gazed at the astonishment upon this strange apparition; but how much more was his wonder excited when he saw the smoke gradually become more and more palpable and shapely, and at length assume the form of an immense gaint, with a long flowing white beard, and a tremendous pine tree in his right hand.

Hamet fell upon his knees, amd was about to put up a prayer to heaven, when the terribl apparition addressed him in a voice of thunder.

"Nay, mention not the name of the Diety or I will cut thee into a thousand pieces."

Who art thou, demanded Hamet, rising from his suppliant posture.

I am Kera, an evil Genie, whom a victorious power shut up in that accursed hole, where I have languished for two thousand years. It is an evil day for thee that brought the hither."

And wherefore, proud Genie, demanded Hamet.

Because I am about to kill thee, in order to avenge myself upon some one for this long captivity.

At these words Hamet trembled very much, and besought the Genie to spare his life. For a long time the Genie was inexorable, and ordered him to prepare for immediate death, but at length he suffered himself to be moved by the prayers and entreaties of the virtuous devise.

Hark ye, said the Genie, I am willing to spare your life upon one condition.

Name it, said Hamet, his heart leaping wit joy.

"I will grant you request, I say, proceeded the Genie, on condition that you perpetrate some crime which may diminish your overweening pride of conscivs virtue. Do not interrvpt me, or I will kill you on the spot, but listen. I give you your choice of three of the most heinous crimes which I can imagine. You shall either violate the law of the Prophet, and drink your fill of good wine, or you shall murder your veneoable old father, or you shall curse the name of that Deity whom you worship. Choose between these three crimes."

Then Hamet was very sorrowful he endeavored to melt the heart of the evil Genie, but all his prayers and entreaties were unavailing. He accordingly went to reason within himself.

If, said he, I assassinate my father no contrition can wipe away my crime, and moreover the law will overtake me with its vengeance. If I curse the name of the great Allah, I may sigh in vain for future happiness in the gardens of Paradise. But if I become inebriate with the juice of the grape, I can expiate that fault by severe mortification, penitence, and renewed prayer.

Then turning his countenance upward toward the Genie, he said, O fountain of all evil, I have made my choice, since thou art determined upon the injury.

"Name tha object of that choice, said the Genie.

I will get drunk with wine, as the least of the crimes which you proposed, answered the dervise.

Be it so, cried the Genie, this vening after the hour of prayer, thou will find a jar of Cyprus wine upon thy table, when thy father has retired, fulfill thy promise then, but woe vnto thee if thou deceiveth me.

The Genie gradually became less palpable as he spoke these words, and by the time the concluding menace issued from his lips, he had vanished altogether. Hamet retraced his steps toward the grotto, with a sorrowful heart, but he would not confide his anticipated disgrace to the affectionate parent who welcomed his return.

The day passed rapidly away, and in the evening Hamet and his sire knelt down as usual at the doors of the grotto, with their faces toward the South to raise their voices in prayer. When their vespers were concluded, the old man embraced his son tenderly, and retired to the inner part of the grotto.

As soon as Hamet knew that his father slept, he lighted a lamp, an as the Genie had told him, he saw a large measure of wine standing upon the table. The unhappy dervise raised it to his lips, and drank deeply of the intoxicating draught. A glow of fire seemed to be electrify his frame and he laughec as he sat the vessel down upon the table.—Again he drank, and he felt reckles and careless of the consequences. He drank the third time, and when he had emptied the measure, he ran out to the door of the grotto, and threw it down the slope of the mountain, then as he heard it bounding along, he laught with indescriable mirth. As he turned to enter the grotto, he saw his father standing behind him.

Lyn, said the old man, the noise of the revelry awoke me from my slumbers, and I rise to find my beloved Hamet drunken with wine. Alas is this merely one of many nights orgies, and have I now awakened to the dread truth of thine impiety for the first time. Alas, thou hast cast ashes upon the gray head of thy father.

Hamet could not brook this accusation, pnd the implied suspicion that he was accuse tomed to indulge in wine while his father slept. He felt suddenly indiguant at the language of his sire, and cried, return to your couch old dotard. Thou knowest not what thou sayest.

And as he uttered these words he pushed his father violently into the grotto. The old man resisted, and again remonstrated with Hamet. The brain of the son was confused with liquor, and a sudden dread of exposure to the world entered his mind. With the rage of demond he rushed upon his hoaryheaded sire and dashed him furiously against the stone walls of the grotto, The old man fell with his temple against a sharp flint—one groan emananted from his bocom—and his spirit fled forever.

Suddenly conscious of the horrid crime of which he had been guilty. Hamet tore his hair, beat his breast and raved like a Maniac. And in the midst of his ravings, he lifted up his voice against the majesty of Heaven, and cursed the Diety whom he had so long and forvently worshipped.

At that instant a terrible din echoed round about—the thunder rolled—the tall trees shook with an earthquake—and, amidst the roar of conflicting elements, were heard shouts of infernal laughter. All hell seemed to rejoice at the fall of a good man, whom no other vice had ever tempted away from the paths of virtue until drunkness presented itself. The rage of the storm increased—the trees were torn up the roots—and fragments of the rocky parts of Olympus rolled down the hill with the fury of an Alpine avalanche. Suddenly the Genie appeard befor the wretched Hamet, and exclaimed: Fool, by choosing to commit the crime which seemed to thee least, thou hast committed the other two likewise. For there is more danger in the wine cup than in any other means of temtation presented by Satin to mankind.

At the last words of the Genie mingled with the redoubled howling of the storm, as Hamet was borne down the slope of the mountain by the falling masses, and dashed to pieces at the bottom.

Dickens opened his farewell readings ln England, with the Pickwick Trial and Dr. Marigold.

There were twenty cases of small pox at Menlo Park.

Nerriville, Sept. 25.—The details of a most terrible tragedy reached us yesterday from Hawkins county. The victim was J. C. Willis. himself the murderer of a man named Sizemore, who fell by a bullet from his pistol about a year ago in the same county. Between this Willis and one Barton a bad feeling has been growing for some time and they thirsted for each others blood. At length the devil favored their wish and they met on Sunday last on the banks of the Clinch river a few miles east of Rogersville. Willis was half drunk and was on his way home from a distillery in the hills, where he had been drinking and gaming for three or four days. The other man it is said, was just leaving a religious gathering in the woods. They met in a lonely place; both were mounted. The moment they came in sight of each other, a sharp bend in the road, they were not more than twenty yards apart and their horses were going at a good trot. When they pulled up, the animal's heads touched each other They halted and let their bridal lines drop. Willis' belt came loose and his pistol fell down on his horse's back. He partially turned round to pick it up, and while in this act his assailant fired and struck Willis in the side. The man fell, and when he came to the ground the horse which he was riding turned round and galloped off, dragging him a considerable distance. His foot caught in a projecting root, while the other remained fixed in the stirrup. The violence of the jerk literally wrenched his thigh bone from its socket, while the saddle girth broke and he was left on the ground groaning. When the enemy rode up and dismounted, Willis saw the evil design in his eye and begged of him a respite to see his wife. But no; the black-hearted man would allow no respite, not even to utter a short prayer, but told the man that he should die. Willis implored mercy, the blood streaming from his side and the agony of his torn limb working his face into fearful contortions. He clasped his hands together and and begged for mercy, but there was none. The fiend deliberately put his pistol to the almost dying man's forehead and shot his brains out. He then mounted his horse and rode to a friend's house to whom he detailed the particulars of the murder, took three or four drinks of whiskey and left. He has not been heaad of since.

Madison Wis. September 28th.—Mrs. Ann Wallace, a young married woman residing five miles north of Richland Center brutally murdered on Wednesday. A young man of fifteen yeaas, named Neville, who had been working for the father of Mrs. Wallace's husband, went to her home on the afternoon of Wednesday and asked her to change some money for him. The showed about $25, earned hop-pickinff. While Mrs. Wallace was preparing to change the money, Neville drew a pistol and inflicted a severe wound in her head, when she ran for the neighbors. The murderer picked up an ax which was near, and before his victim could get out of the way literally chopped her to pieces. Her head was severed from her body, and fearful gashes were made in her breast, body, legs and arms. The murder was not discovered tili the next morning, when the body was mangled by hogs. Of the head only the jawbone was discovered. The murderer, after finishing his devilish work, went, all, bloody as he was, to a neighbor's and inquired the way to a point on the Mississippi river. Search was made and the murderer was captured at Reed's Landing, on the Mississippi river, and brought back to Richland Center. Oh Saturday, after the funeral of the murdered woman, a crowd took the murderer out of jail and hung him. Exasperated men led the mob, and frantic women pelted him with stones, and he was dead before he reached the tree on which he was hung. No one interfered with the infuriated mob or made any attempt to prevent his being hung. Such an attempt would have been useless, as the mob was composed principally of Irishmen who were determined to avenge the death of their country-woman, who had been foully killed for the pitiful sum of $25. The murderer, before he was hung, made a full confession, and boasted of how neatly he had done the deed,

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De Girardin's relidence cost him 450,000 franks, his wife, a handsome German princess, gives receptions second only to the Empress Eugenie

William Hansbrow, of Dutch Flat was killed lately by the sudden explosion of a blast, he had been married only four weeks.

The Eureka, at Grass Valley, is one of the leading quartz miees of the State. In 1865 it was purchased by some citizens of San Francisco and placed in charge of Wm. Watt, and in the three years ending on the 30th ult., it produced $1,591,922 46 gross and $1,029,859 86 nett. The dividends, however, were only $670. 000; $240,650 95 of the net yield having been expended for purchasing additional ground and perfecting title, and $96,604 18 having been paid for extraordinary expenses, mainly permanent improvements. The milling and mining expenses of the three years were $562,062 60. The claim is 1,700 feet long, and it has been opened to a length of 973 feet on the fourth level—that is, 400 feet below the surface. That level is in pay all the way. At the eastern end of it the vein is five feet wide and comparatively poor; at the western end three feet wide and rich. The average gross yield for the last year was $21 24, and the current expenses did not exceed $11 50 per ton. The quantity crushed was 15,944 tons. About six months ago ten stamps and a Varney Rix cracker were added to the mill, which now has thirty stamps and is one of the largest and best in the State. The new cracker is a California invention, and gives perfect satisfaction. The owners of the mine have lately incorporated under the title of the Eureka Gold Mining Company, with 4,000 shares of $300 each. The dividends of the mine for the year ending on the 30th ult,, were $270-000. The Alaska, six miles east of Camptonville, promises to be one of the richest quartz mines in the State. The ravine below the mine yielded $100,000 in quartz gold to placer miners in 1857 and 1858. A five-stamp mill has reduced 316 tons of rock this year, averaging $42 70 per ton The lode is from four to six feet tnick.

ISABELLA, Queen of apain is dethroned. This is now a fixed fact. The question is, what form will the new Government assume? Will the Prince of the Asturias be summoned to the throne? No, he is a minor, and his accession would involve the necessity of a regency. Will the Duke De Montipensier be offered the crown? No; for France would bitterly oppose such an arrangement. Will a republic be proclaimed? No; for the principal European Powers would regard such a movement with jealous hostility. Will the Salic law be recognized, and the legitimacy of the descendants of Don Carlos, in the female line, be affirmed? No; for this would be virtually to throw the Governmeut into the hands of the clerical party. In our judgment the best plan for the Spanish Liberals would be to summon the King of Portugal to the throne of Spain, and thus unite the two countries under one Government. But it seems doubtful whether such a project could be carried out. The masses of the Spanish people would revolt against the idea of accepting as their ruler a Portuguese King; and it is possible that the Portuguese themselves would object to being consolidated with Spain even upon the terms of furnishing a King to the united Government. Upon the whole, the Spanish question must still be regarded as one of those the solution of which cannot as yet be definitely solved.—Chronicle.

In Sydey, on the 14th of August, the waters in the harber, and indeed all along the coast, ebbed and flowed with great violence. the phenomenon being followod, for two or three days afterward, by extraordinary high tides, In the port of Newcastle this volcanic wave was yet more remarkable than at Sydney. It was also felt along the whole of the eastern seaboard. On the same day some extraordinary wave phenomena were seen in many parts of the coast of New Zealand. In Welington the tide rose and fell in the harbor from two to three feet several times in an hour, and this continued the whole of the day. In Lyttleton harbor the water receded leaving the vessels aground, when it returned with such force as to drag the ships from their moorings, part cables, and cause most serious damage by collisions. In Port Chalmers the buoys which mark the channel for vessels entering were driven some distance up the harbor, and eddies appeared where before they were unknown. On the 17th of August a smart shock of earthquake was felt over the northern half of the Middle Island and the southern half of the North Island It direction was generally from northeast to southwest.

Patrick Sullivan, who was shot through the thigh by Tom Cox, during a drunken spree, at Cisco, a few days since, has died from the effect of the wound. The deceared left a wife and three children at Boston, Mass.

Cork.

The Examiner says:—On the 4th inst., Mr. John Connell, of Queenstown, saved the life of a soldier of 39th Regiment, stationed at Spike Island. Aqout half past six in the morning, Mr. Conneil, accompanied by two young gentlemen named Daly and Benson, went to bathe off the iron bridge over the railway. Before they arrived, the soldier was in the water and swiming across the river. The tide was running out at the time, and the man was taken out with the current. When he turned to swim back, he became weak and shouted for assistance. Mr. Connell at once jumped into the water, and went to the soldier's assistance, whom he got to lay hold of his hips, and in this manner brought him to the quay wall. Here they floated themselves by the aid of a spar, till a punt from one of the yachts came to their assistance, and put the soldier on shore. We believe this is the fourth life Mr. Connell has been instrumental in saving.

The Examiner says:—The Sardis, a four-masted steamer of enormous size, is now discharging a vast cargo of 12,000 qrs of Indian corn into lighters at Passage. This maenificent vessel is the property of the Greek firm of Spartalli, of London, and has just arrived in this harbor from the Danube. Her cargo is valued at £20,000, the duty on which amounts to £700. This valuable cargo is consigned to Mr. Corliss Hawkes, of this city, who is now actively engaged in its discharge.

A farmer named Michael Kelleher was returning to his home on Friday night, 28th ult, from Cork, where he had been transactiug some business, he stopped at a public house in Ballincollig to take some refreshment. There he met a man named Michael Horrigan, with whom, after they had taken some drink, he had an altercation. After fiighting for some time, Horrigan seized an iron bar and struck Kelleher a blow on the head which fractured his skull, and from the effect of which his life is considered in a very precarious state. Horrigan was arrested and held to await the result of the assault.

On the 18th ult., a large quantity of corn, the property of Mr. Coppinger, of Middleton, was destroyed by fire in that gentleman's haggard

Galway.

The Loughrea Journal says:—We have pleasure in announcing the promotion of two of the officials in the National Bank, Loughrea. Mr. Charles McCollum has been appointed accountant of that popular establishment, Mr. Fredrrick Darling undertaking the duties of tellar, Master John O'Leary to become probationer.

The Irish Times announces that the Chair of Modern Languages in the Queen's College, Galway, is now vancant. There are several candidates for the position, among them being M. Charles Pompe, who has been a successful teacher in many parts of the country.

Mayo.

On Sunday, 30th ult., an indigna tion meeting was convened in Cong for the purpose of evpressing sympathy with Mr. Patrick Jennings, of Cross, on the eviction of himself, his wife, and nine children from their happy home. The people met also to condemn in terms equally strong, the coduct of Mrs. Gen. Anderson, and to remonstrate against a law that tolerntes or permits so merciless a course of action on the part of any individual, or any section of the community. Father O'Malley addressed the meeting in an eloquent speech, and was succeeded by Mr. Morgan and Mr. James Kearns. The meeting was a most important and successful one, being largely attended by the tenant farmers of Mayo and Galway. Cheers for the Archbishop, Mr. Moore, Father Lavelle, and Father O'Malley, echoed and re echoed within the old abbey walls as the multitude seperated. The sndemnity fund reached £25 in a few minutes.

On the evening of the 2d inst., Police Sub-Inspector Hayes and Regan, while out sailing in a pleasure boat, were capsized into the river in a squall, and would have been drowned but for their being expert swimmers.

Longford.

Recently, a woman named Mary McKenna, the wife of a farmer residing at Drumlish, county Longford was brutally and dangerously assaulted in her own house by James Hughes, who lodged with her and her husband. It appears that on the day of the occurrence she and Hughes were sitting at her own fire, when the latter threw something at her grandchild and hurt it. She reprimanded him for the act, whereupon he lifted a spade, with whioh he strck her three times on the head and fractured her skull. The fellow, who is believed not to be of sound mind, after inflicting these serious of injuries on the woman, ran off across the country, and was not overtaken by the constabulary until he got to Castleforbes, a distance of six miles.

Dublin.

On the 31st ult., Mr. John David Dundon, provision dealer, Patrick staeet, and Wine tavern street. Dublin, was brought up in custody of Sergeant Doolan, 19 A, before Mr. Dix, at the Head Office, charged by that officer with having been disorderly on the previous evening at Christchurch place, where a Temperance meeting was being addressed by the Rev. Father Meehan. It was proved that the prisoner had gone there to kick up a row, and that on entering he avowed to the secretary that he was going in to shut up Mr. Meehan. On essaying to speak he was hissed down, where upon he uttered insulting language towards the priest and audience, which so inflamed some of the latter that they gave Dundon a terrible mauling, from which he was only saved by being arrested by the police. Mr. Dix discharged the prisoner with an advice never to bring such treatment on himself again. Prisoner replied that he would prosecute those who ill-treated him.

A fire of an alarming charcter droke out on the night of the 4th inst., in the printing office of Mr. Bewley, Middle Abbey street. The entire rere of the printing office was destroyed, together with large quantities of paper, type and ink, and the engine and machinerp also sustained serious injury. The damage done is calculated at about £1,000 but it is stated the premises were heavily insured. Mr. Allord Builder sustained damage to the extent of £200 and his premises were also insured. The origin of the fire has not been discovered, but it is supposed to have broken out in the engine room.

Limerick.

On the night of the 2d inst., a destructive fire burst out in the business stores and offices of Mr. George M. Spong, seed merchant and general exporter of hay and agricultural produce, Limerick, filled with grain, seeds, hay, and other inflamable matter, and almost instantaneously the blaze traversed from end to end of the premises with alarming consequences. For a long time the destruction of the Franciscan Church was looked upon as almost inevitable together with other houses and some stores in the vicinity. The whole of Mr. Spong's concerns, with their contents, fell a prey to the devouring element. The premises were insured in the West England Office.

Kerry.

The Cork Examiner of a late date says:—The Kilarney petty sessions, at which there were several cases awaitsng trial, had to be adjourned yesterday in consexuence of there being only one magistrate, Mr. Galway, in attendance. Policemen were despatched in several directions in search of a justice, but were unsuccessful in the pursuit, the only magistraie encountered, Mr. Leahy, Q. C, declining to adjunicate. It certainly is not for the want of a sufficient number of justices that this failure of justice has ocburred, and had there been a publican's licence to be disposed of, or a Fenian to be committed, the bench would probably have been insufficient to accomodate the attendants.

Down.

On the evening of the 1st inst., an alarm of fire broke out in the hay and flax stores of Mr. Dromgoole, situate in Monaghan st., Newry. The fire raged for a time with great violence, consuming all the hay; but owing to the exertions of the people and the police, the principal portion of the flax was saved.

The loss of property is estimated at at least £500.

It is expected that the Downpatrick, Dundrum and Newcastle Railway line now in progress of completion, will be open for traffic about the 1st of November.

On August 22, as a fishing smack was coming into Warrenport, a fine young man named Patrick Cunningham, of Annalong, went aloft to do something to the main sail, when one of the ropes gave way, and he fell overboard and was drowned.

Armagh.

The Dublin Evening Mail announces the retirement from public and parliamentary life of Sir W. Verner. The hon. baronet has for many years been the 'father,' that is, the senior member of the House of Commons, where he has sat for forty-two years. In politics he has always been an Orangeman of the most ultra old school, and his name is associated with the fiercest struggles of the party. His son, Mr. E. Verner, hopes to succeed him in the representation of the county of Armagh.

Stooewall Jackson's uniform is to be deposited in a museum at Glasgo

Monaghan.

Late on the night of the 30th ult., a rather serious case of stabbing occurred near Clones. Two brothers of the name of Keenan had a dispute at Analore Bridge, where they met by accident—one of them, John, being accompanied by another man named James Weldon. The brothers commenced to fight, and being in handigrips, Weldon went between them endeavoring to seperate them and make peace, whereupon John Keenan threatened Weldon that he would stabb him. Weldon then left the two Keenans, and was walking away when John followed and stabbed him in the lower ribs of the right side, the knife penetrating his clothes.

Tyrone.

On the morning of the 2d inst., in Omagh, a fire broke out in the establishment of Messrs. Reid & Sloan, grocers. In a few minutes the fire extended to the adjoining shop belonging to Miss Mathews, and the entire two buildings were destroyed before it could be got under. The stock of Messrs. Reid & Sloan was only partially insured. During the progress of the fire some acts of heroism and narrow escapes took place. Mr. J. King, a commercial traveler from Dublin, ascended to the drawing room window and carried down Miss Matthews in his arms safely. A gentleman named Roulston, who at the commencement rendered valuable service, was severely injured by a falling slate having cut through his hat, inflicting a large wound on his head.

The Des Noines Ragister of October 13th gives the following particulars of the suicide of the daughter of General Crocker: In our Sunday issue we mentioned the unaccountable disappearance of Miss Ada Crocker, and with it the information that some of her wearing apparel had been found on the rivers bank Saturday evening two miles above town pointing to the fearful suspicion that the missing girl had buried herself in a suicide grave in Des Moines. Sunday morning the river was dredged immediately by the spot where the clothing was found, and where her fracks led to the waters edge. The boby was found only some 15 or 20 feet away from the place of entering the stream, and although it had lain in the water two days and two night it was perfectly free from blemish or bloat, the face natural, and nothing but one broken finger indicating the violent death. The corpse was taken to the desolate home of her mother, and the funeral took place at 10 o,clock yesterday—attended by a large train of truly sympathizing friends. Miss Crocker was 15 years old, a girl of intelligenbe and promise—the daughter of Iowa's most gallant soldier, the late Gen. M. M. Crocker. The family can give no reason for the mad act. Her home was pleasant and perfectly loved by her. She had around her young life every charm for living and protection. The morning she plunged herself into death, she left hsme for school apparently in buoyr ant spirits. Before going, she had been very lively and happy-hearted and passed out of the door with her school satchel and dinner pail in hand, singing a merry tune, and went schoolward seemingly brithsome and gay. Instead of going to the school house, she went to the river, her footsteps plainely showing that she stoped at a point where the water was seven feet deep. There she divested herself of that portion of clothing which had a floating tendency. Shawl bonnet and skirt were wrapped up in a bundle, and laid on the bucket containing her dinner and school books. Along the river were footsteps up and down the bank, where she had walked either in a perturbed struggle of life and death, or seeking a deeper point in the water. This is all that is known, her clothing was discovered by some gentleman of this city on a fishing excursion, and the discovery of the school books with the unfortunate girl's name written in them, was the first flashing proof of the dreadful reality. In this terrible beredvement the family the honest hearty sympathy of the entire city, and not only of Des Moines, but coextensive with the fame of the honored and gallant Crocker.

No fewer than six women have recently been elected on the parochial boards in various parts of England. rn the neighborhood of Newcastle upon tyne, there are accounts of a religious movement which is almost entirely in the hands of the women. They go about among the laboring people, read the Bible to them, and converse on religious topic with great enthusiasm. Several of them preach on Sundays, and among these a Miss Wilson, described as having a pleasing countenance and a winning way with her, is gaining some repute as a pulpit orator.

In the forthcoming edition of the works of the late D'Arcy McGee, several poems will be wanting, because the only copies thereof were borrowed from the author and never returned.

The Pope believes Bismarck prompted the Spanish revolution, in order to force Napoleon to abandon his "masterly inactivity."

Several wealthy youths of New Hampshire, are learning trades to secure themselves against possible reverses of fortune.

"Flag of the free—heart's only hope,
Wave, wave forever on!"

IRISH NEWS

SATURDAY. NOV'BER 14, 1868.

Tennessee owes $38,000,000.

The world moves—said the earthquake.

Providence cheap jewelry establishment employ $30,000 capital.

With the Parisians Saturday is the favorite day for marrying.

One thousand and nineteen voters are on the poll lists in Marin county

A shark, measuring 7 feet was caught near Vallejo, lately.

Queen Isabella was expected in Paris November 6.

Apples are worth $1 per barrel in alameda orchares.

The demands for duties last week were $188,271 98.

A Parisian belle performs her ablutions in a $10,000 silver tub.

Boston annually expends $70,00 for church music.

Mrs. Johnson, of Nashville, smoked her pipe while she hung herself.

Mr. Parton tells of a man in New York who confesses to drinking a gallon of whisky a day.

There were thirty-four alarms of fire in this city during the month of October.

Secretary Seward, is soon to marry a second wife, according to the New York Tribune.

Queen Isabella's partizans are flocking into France, laden with money and jewels.

A bible, published in 1611, in London, has come to light in Virginia city.

Within one year, 1,890 persons died from serpents' bites, in Madras Presidency, India.

Forty bears were surrounded and destroyed by ffre in one the swamps in Canada lately.

A yankee drives an omnibus over the new macadamized road from Jaffa to Jerasalem.

A Boston clergyman received two hundred dollars for marrying a couple the other day.

The sales at the san Francisco stock and Exchange Board for one week lately amounted to $1,800,000

Napoleon costs France $3,000,000 a yesr more than Louis Philippe did and is worth it.

Jim Quin, who is well known to old Californians, has become heir to a large estate in the East.

The Paris Moniteur reminds the journals which have been in habit of criticising the Government, that such a course is forbidden.

The steamship Constitution arrived at half past nine o'clock on Tuesday evening, discharged 1,850 tons of freight and the baggage of 900 passengers, took coal, some 800 tons of freight and the baggage of over 300 passengers, and sailed on Friday at 11 A. M. This may be termed rushing things.

The Perry pavement is being laid at the crossing of Washington and Montgomery streets. The blocks are subjected to the new process employed by the American Wood Preserving Company. Several contracts have been left for this pavement in the northern part of the city.

The daughter of the Czar, who is soon to become Queen of Bavaria, is said to be a handsome girl, with sweet expression regular features, dark hair and wonderfully small and well formed hands and feet. As her consort that is to be is strikingly handsome, Bavaria might well be proud of the appearance of her rulers.

The wife of a New York banker and the daughter of a Baltimore manufacture have been notified by the Master of Ceremonies of the Empress Eugenie that the permission formerly granted them to appear at the Monday evening receptions of the Empress has been withdrawn. Cause—Unbecoming dresses and unbecoming conduct at the last soiree at the Tuileries.

A horrible tragedy occurred in Greencastle. Ohio on Tuesday, the result of a quarrel between a man named Warwick and his wife. They had been united fifteen years, and had six children. Warwick was abusing his wife, and, in self-defence as she says, she shot him with a pistol, but, after he fell, she mangled and crushed his head in a frightful manner with an axe.

There were reventy nine deaths in San Francisco last week. Males fifty-seven, females, twenty-two. White, seventy-seven, copper colored two. Under one year of age twelve, under five years, twenty eight. Born in California, thirty-three, born in other states of the Union, ten, born in foreign countries, thiry-six. Of the whole number twenty died from small pox, sixteen of which deaths occurred at the pest-house.

A Santee-sioux Indian addressed a New York audience recently, only one man knew what he said—the translator.

A New Haven young married man was so pleased at becoming a farther that he galloped through a fish store, and was sent to jail.

On or about the 21st of October the Overland stage will connect with the cars at the mouth of Reese River.

Sansevain will this year make, at his Cocomongo ranch in San Bernardino county, 60,000 gallons of wine.

Water is running in the bed of the Calaveras river frecity, where two or three days ago it was dry as an oven.

A french college has given a child the degrees of Bachelor of Science. It means that she is maid of knowledge.

A meeting of the Cortes has been fixed for December 26th, so that representatives from Cuba and Porto Rico may appear.

In the European hospitals the hair is cut from the head of the corpses and sold to dealers, who both retail the article there and export it to this countrs.

A sweet young lady says that males are of no account from the time the ladies stop kissing them as infants till they commence kissing them as lovers.

In New York, female vest makers earn five dollars per week. Close fighting that to keep soul and body together. No daylight is allowed these girls for calls.

A lady down east boasts of the possession of a pair of dardrols made from the liver brought from Mount Vociferous during the recent disruption.

We are willing to made allowance for human nature in the abstaact, but how few of us make allowance for our neighbors share in that human nature.

Father Jahn, the apositle of gymnastic in Germany, and the butt of Heines jokes, is to have a statue in Berlin, and all Germany is to contribute stones for the base.

A fair lady prevented a bloody duel between two Brooklyn politicians the other day by appearing in all her loveliness upon the field of honor just as the pistols were raised.

When a gentleman steps on a lady's train the lady should turn around and politely, I beg your pardon, sir, and the gentleman should bow and say, I accept your apology madam.

In Lynn. Mass., recently a man named William Rowe was found dead in a barn, having rolled face downward upon some hay when too drunk to help himself, and smothered there.

A submarine diver, employed on the Seine, went down drunk the other day, and, not making the expected signalr, another was sent down after him, who found his calmly sleeping on the bank of the river.

He who could contemplate the earthquake of the 21st of October, 1868, with any other than emotions of profoundest awe, is either a brute or a fool. It requires a degree of courage to met ones own destruction with calmness; but to witness the towering walls of a large city reeling as if about to bury its entir population, helpless infancy, denrepid age, frantic mothers, all flying, they know not where, and blocking up the street through which frightened horses were trampling their way, to witness all this without emotion is not courage, it is downright brutality.

Houston Sep. 12. A good deal of talk has been excited by the folowing singular circumstance on the other side of the bayou: On Thursday night at an early hour a carpenter, who had been in ill health for some time past, to all appearances died. There was not a sign of animation left; he was pronounced dead by his attending physican—was dressed in his grave clothes and laid out for burial. His friends in Galveston were telegraphed to come up and attend his funeral. It was about 8 P. M. when he was pronounced dead, and preparations began for his burial. About daylight yesterday morning he suddenly rose up in his bed, without having given, up to that time, a single indication of life. He was unable to speak, pulseless, cold, and with the exceptions that he was able to sit upright and move his hands and arms, he appeared a corpse. Not the faintest respiration could be discovered nor did the eyes, though closed, show indication of death. His physician was sent for, who, on entering the room, was utterly befuddled at the singular case. Restoratives, stimulants, and everything else likely to be of service, were applied, but the breath refused to return, the pulse to beat, and the body to grow warm. The muscular power to rise in the bed and move the limbs continued, and was exercised frequently during gve hours, when that also apparently ceased forever, and the carpenter was left as perfect a specimen of a corps as could possibly be. About midday yesterday he was buried. Was he alive when he rose in bed? Probably not. We heard that deceased—if he be deceased—had lately been drinking very hard.

It is reported that the French Government has called 30,000 men into the army and navy.

A Mr. Jones has recently revived the phonetic system of England. It is only prejudice of the eye, says Mr Jones, that keeps us from saying. Dice gave Jac a kic, when Jac gave Dic a noc on the bac with a stic.

A Kentucky girl, who married a fellow of mean reputation, was taken to task for it by her uncle. I know uncle, she repled, that Joe is not good for much, but he said I dared not to have him, and I wont take a stump from ay body.

Four years ago, Mr. McDonough, of Troy, trifled with the affections of a Trojaness. Her small brother swore vengeance when he grew big enough. Sunday night he thought he had reached the proper size, and therefore bit off McDonough's nose.

A man and woman strangers to each other, were recently confinee in opposite cells in the New Orleans Central Station. From mutual sympathy they proceeded to love, and as soon as they regained their liberty a magistrate's marriage certificate made them as happy a couple as is generally seen in the lower ranks of life.

It is stated that $103,000 in gold coin was taken from the Cosmopolitan Hotel yesterday and deposted in the Bank of California. The whole amount was the aggregate of a large number of election bets made in the Cosmopolitan saloon, which has been the betting headquarters during the campaign.

A sporting gentleman of Paris having lost his last shilling at a club where play is carried on, went to the country, where his sister sent him three thousand francs. He then went to his hotel, to his bootmaker and tailor, paid them, and made arrangements to be fed, clothed and shod for ten years.

The Catholics are said to be erecting a $3,000,000 cathedral in Canton, China, and another, quite as magnificent and costly, is to be put up in Pekin, while in nearly every important city of the empire they are building a church. The Jesuits throughout the empire have adopted the new dress, the habits and customs of the Chinese—eating as they eat, sleeping as they sleep shaving the forehead and not the crown, just as the Chiness shave theirs.

The greatest force of the earth quake shock on Wednesday last was felt about the Bay of San Francisco and the focus seems to have been about Haywoods and San Leandro, at which places very few structures of any description escaped damage, while many were entirely ruined. South of Haywoods and North San Leandro, though the shock was heavy, no such effects was produced as at those places. Oaklond suffered much in injury to buildings and appurtenances, and apparently, the shock there was of about the same force as at San Francisco, and at Redwood city. At Santa Clara and San Jose the shock exceeded anything ever experienced there, but no extensive damage to byildings resulted from it. At the Warm Springs and the old Mission it was very heavy, and at the latter place the Church and other adobe structures were nearly all destroyed. From comparison of all reports, we are confident that nezt to the section south of San Leandro and immediately along the sovth of San Leandro and immediately along the Eastern shore of the Bay, the heaviest force of the shake was felt along through our valleys from Martinez southward to Amador and Livermore. The most Eastern point from which we have any report of effect of the convulsion, is the March Ranch, where the tower of the well constructed stone mansion was thrown down, and one of the top stones, weighing nearly 200 pounds, struck the ground 40 measured feet from the base of the tower. At Stockton, Sacramento and intermediate points the shock was as heavy as any before felt, but no damage of any sort is reported, and beyond those places, North South and East, the shock was slightly felt. North of the Bays the shock was felt inland some 30 miles, and at points nearest the shores was quite heavy, but not enough so to do any material injury. Santa Cruz, which has been the apparent center of most of the previous shakes, was treated lightly in comparison, by this one, and it was not felt at all at points further south in the state. An area of 120 miles along the coast extending inland from 30 to 80 miles, was heavily shaken and the vibrations were sensibly felt much beyond those limits, but the great destructive force was exerted within an area of half the exient mentioned. The material damage by the earthquake has been very great, but its teaching are valuable, and may be to our profit in the long run. The sensible tremers that have followed the great heave, have tended to keep up nervous apprehensions to some extent, but people generally are inclined to adopt the comfortable conclusion that nature will require a long period of repose after so great a labor and will not soon disturb us again with such a spasm;—Contra Costa Gazette.

SEEKING FOR TREASURE.

Some two months ago a party of Englishmen arrived in this city from England, and after remaining in town a few days, departed for Marine County, ostensible on a hunting tour. They were armed with rifles, shot-guns, fishing tackle, and all the paraphernulia of camp life, and it was generally thought that they were a party of young bloods having a jolly time, but later develoments lead to the belief that they had another object in view, and that was nothing more or less than searching for treasure supposed to have been buried by Sir Francis Drake, while on this coast. The adventure of Drake show that he was little better than a pirate, and the many robberies he committed, of vessels and towns, on the seas, in Peru, Chile, and Mexico, must have placed him in possession of vast treasure. From a chapter in Goodrich's Man upon the sea, we condese the following in relation to. After having made several filibustering voyages in company with Sir John Hawkins, Francis Drake, then a young man, detsrmined to engage permanently in the lawless but exciting career of which he had lately witnessed several interesting episodes. It was not long before he could obtain the means of fitting out an expedition under his own command, with two ships armed in the style deemed best in those days he sailed for the Spanish dominions in America, where he attacked and captured several towns, which he pillaged. He carried off the gold buried the silver. From the summit of a mountain he obtained a sight of the Pacific Ocean, which so kindled his enthusiasm that he uttered a fervent prayer that he might be the first Englishman who should sail upon it. On his return to England with his treasure, he, as soon as possible, executed the grand project he had formed. At last Sir Christopher Hutton, Vice Chamberlain and Counsellor, of the Queen, presented him to Elizabeth, to whom Drake imparted his scheme of ravishing the Spanish possessions in the South Sea—as the Pacific Ocean was called in those days. The Queen listened, but whether she gave him a commission or mearly assured him of her favorale sentiments, is a dispute point. It is alleged that she gave him a sword, and pronounced these singular words. We do account that he which striketh at thee, Drake, striketh at us. Be this as it may, he shortly aftea fited out an expedition at his own cost, and with the help of friends and partners in the enterprise, consisting of five ships. After sailing, he committed many depredations along the coast of South America, and finally entered the Pacific Ocean, having passed through the Straits of Magellon. He finally reached the coast of Peru, and entering the harbor of Valparaiso, captured a Spanish ship, from which he obtained sixty thousand pieces of gold and a great many pearls. The town was next sacked the churches were robbed, and all the houses pillaged. After doing all the damage he could at this place Drake sailed for other scenes, and history informs us that at Tarapaca he robbed a Spaniard of thirteen bars of silver, of the value of four thousand ducats. They next captured eight lamas each carrying one hundred pounds of silver. Arriving at Callao, he rifled thirteen ship of their silver, silk, and linen. Learning that a richly laden treasure shep named the Cacafuege, had lately sailed for Paita, he at once gave chase. He stopped a vessel bound for Caliao, and such was his thirst for gain that he took from it a smal silver lamp, the only article of value on board. In a ship bound for Panama he found forty bars of silver, eighty pounds of gold, and a golden crucifix set with large emeraled. Soon after crossing the line the Cacafuego was discovered and soon captured. He took from her an immense quantity of pearls and precious stones, eighty pounds of gold twenty six tons of silver ingots and thirteen boqes of coined silver. The vain of this prize was not far from a million dollars. Drake now sailed north and ransacked the towns on the coast of Mexico, and then attempted to find a norrhwestern passage, and after sailing in various directions for several months, finally came to anchor on the California coast, where he rapaired his vessels. While in the Bay, the Indians treated Drake with great consideration, looking upon him as a God, and crowned their devotion to him by presenting him with all the country and becoming his subjects. It is averred that before sailing from this port, Drake buried a large quantity of gold, silver, and precious stones, under the belief that he would be able to return for them in a few years, and that on his voyage home he would fall in with other prizes, whtch he could not capture unless he disposed of a portion of his cargo. The spot in which this treasure was buried, was marked by his pilot, Silva, on his charts, and by others of the crew, and by Drake himself. He reached England in safety, and wus knighted by the Queen for his gallant services, and for many years was busily engaged as commander of one of her majesty fleets. Some twenty years passed away before he had an opportunity go to after the treasure he had buried, and then it was only a secondary consideration. In his expedition to the West Indies, where he fell sick and died. there was none to follow the footsteps of the illustrious freebooter, and the buried treasure was permitted to lie where it had been placed. Years passed away and lengthened into centuries. The existence of the buried treasure was forgotten, but a year or so ago some of the descendants of the pilot Silva, in examining his papers, came upon the notes of Drake's voyage in the Pacige, and perused them with avidity and interest. In these papers he discovered an account of the Voyage of Drake in the Pacific Ocean, of the burying of the treasur and of the locality of the spot where the treasure way buried, marked on one of the old charts of the pilot. This discovery was communicated to several friends and talked over for some time, and finally an expedition was organized to seek for the hidden treasure. Those in possession of the secret were confident of success, and convinced all they communicated with of its feasibility. Many may deem this impossible, but if they will consider a moment they will readily see that the proposition was not a whit more chimerical than the Cocos Island treasure schems, originated in this city a few years ago, and which was still a company engaged in the wild search. After a time a sufficient sum was raised, and a number of chosen persons started on the expedition. We have seen that they arrived in San Francisco, and that they departed for Marin County. The company, after their arrival at their destination, made their camp and began their rearch. Whenever any of the rancheros, or farmers, met them, they pretended to be hunting for game. Finally, they were seen but little during the day, and then they were about the camp, sleeping or lounging about. Some of the farmers imagined that they were engaged in working at night, but as they could not establish the fact, they said nothing about it. About a week ago one of the party came to this city and purchased several large stronly made trunks, and returning with them to the camp, and a day or two after the entire party returned to this city, bringing with them the trunks, which appeaaed to be filled with contents remarkable heavy. The party said but little to any one, one of them, however, while conversing with some friends told them the object which brought him and his companions to this State, and stated that they were going home. In reply to a question if they were successful, he said that he was not at liberty to tell. This may have been, and probably was, boasting, but strange things have occurred. The steamer of the 30th carried away the party and their baggage, amongst which were the new trunks. Perhaps, after their seturn to England they will publish the whole result of their adventure.—Call.

In Vineland, N. J. a place, of 10,000 inhabitants, 35 miles south of Philadelphia, women are demonstrating what they can do at farming. These women are not coarse or illiterate, but some of them have been highly educated and possess well cultivated minds. I do not know how many there are here who own farms, which they have brought into cultivation solely by their own effort but I will speak of a few that have come under my immediate notice. The first one who gave me an account of he work is a maiden of about forty. She had been a school teacher in Massachusetts for sixteen years, she got weary, as she said, of being a slave for others, and thinking a farmer's life more to her heart came to Vineland and bought ten acres, She has been here three years, and has five acres in good bearing condition. all the work except the cleaning of the land has been done by herself and a boy 13 years old; and from being weak in some directions she has become strong and healthy. I next saw another maiden of the same age. She was educated as a physician, but her health giving away, she came here and bought ten acres under nice cultivation, and she says she never had so good health in her life. I have been in this place but a few weeks, and have made no effort to find out how many such case there are here, but I am told there are many, and that it is well demonstrated in this place that women excels as a farmer- I have met more than a dozen women who are widows and take all care of large gardens, and they are the finest I have seen, abounding in the most delicious fruits and beautiful flowers. One woman, who does all the work in her garden and who, I had noticed, had been engaged a few days past in painting the outside of her house, I was a little surprised on hearing the next week that she had on the Sabbath previous filled with good acceptance the pulpit of the Unitarian church, id the absence of the minister. A woman in Somerset, Mass., put her mowing machine together, harnessed her horses, and cut four acres of grass one day last week. During the recent war a good many women became mowing machines, and did the haying and harvesting while husbands and boys were away in the harvest-field of death.

The Weaverville Journal of October 27th has the following: It becomes our painful duty to chronicle another outrage by the red devils who have been the bane of our county since its organization, this time accompanied by the murder of a most worthy citizen. On the morning of the 13th inst., Thomas Burke whose residence is on the main road leading from Weaverville to hay fork and two miles distance from the nearest neighbor went to work in a field a short distance from the house. He had been gone but a few minutes, when a band of Indians, twelve or fifteen in number well armed with rifles and revolvers entered the house. Mrs. Burke seized he two children and started for the field where her husband was followed by several of the Indians, who sought to hold her back, but who were kept at bay by a faithful dog until he was shot. At the crossing of the creek, a short distance below the house Mr. Burke met them and while endeavoring to take one of the children from his wife's arms received a shot in the head and exclaiming, I am killed, fell fram the bridge into the creek when ee was shot agam. Mrs. B. implored them to spare herself and children, telling them where at the house they would find the money, etc. Neanwhile the remainder of the gang were plundering the house and after fireihg one or two shots at Mrs. B. in her flight the others went back to join the plunderers. Mrs. Burke carrying her children, reached the creek crossing near Maynards where she stopped, completely exhausted. Messrs. Mable and Treat, who were on their way out with loaded teams, found her there and carried herself and children to Maynards house. Treat then rode to Hay Fork town and gave the alarm. A party started at once for Burk's place: They found the murdered man where he had fallen, and the house burnt to the ground. On Wednesday morning a party of men took the trail of the Indians where they crossed Hay Fork, below the town, and will make short work with the red devils if they succeeded in overtaking them, which they say they will do if they have to follow them for the next three months. Mr. Burke leaves a widow and three children benefit of their protector, and thrown upon the world, all they had stored for the future being carried away or burned.

A special to the Cincinnati Commercial dated Louisville, September 6th, says:—Onn of the most appalling tragedies that ever occurred in this section of country was enacon last Thursday afiernoon, the lonely spot in the dense forest leading from Randolph Station on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, some ten miles south of this city. The point at which it transpired is known as Lost Island, and is in the midst of the forest, with no human being nearer than two miles—the distance to Randolph Station. It appears that an industrious Geman named Willich and known as Charcoal John, a name given him because he had been engaged to some extent. in burning charcoal, occupied with his family a little log house on a piece of land owned by Charles Smooth. The family of Charcoal John consisted of his wife and an infant child and a little daughter five years of age. They were highly esteemed by their few and distant acquaintances as a thrifty and worthy family, and had managed to save a few hundred dollars toward in ture uecessities and comforss. Yesterday morning some itinerant passing near the house, was horrified at discovering the body of John, lying not far distant in a pool of clotted blood his skull broken in and the brain dozing from it. The frightful wound had evidently been made with an ax. A portion of one of the murdered man's cars was cut off, and his face was coated with stagnant blood—an unrecognization mass of human gore. About 60 yard's from the father was another horrible spectacle. Here lay the dead bodies of the mother and her infant child. Her skull has also been broken, and there was a fearful gash in her throat, probably from a blow intended to sever her head. The head of the child was also broken, and both were covered with blood. Still further on was a spectacle even more ghastly, if that were possible. This was the daughter, only 5 years of age. She lay stone dead, her right shoulder literly cleft from its place, and a frightful gash decending deep into the body. the blow evidently having been struck while the poor child was endeavoring to escape the clutches of the murderer of her parents and sister.

A picnic was winding up one evening by the girls standing in a long row, while the boys went along the line and kissed them all "good evening.', A rosy-cheeked miss, at the furthen end of the line, fearful of its growing late under the slow process, and not wanting to be missed, clapped her hands, as the idea occurred to her, and shouted: "O, boys kiss the girls at both ends!" That's how the Central Pucific is about to do. We see by accounts from Salt Lake that a contract has been let for a division of grade— 100 miles to commence at the north end of the lake and come this way.

The Frankfort Yeoman of October 1st, says: Our marriage columns contains the announcement of two weddings of a romantic nature. One of them bears on its face all the indications of an elopement, the particulars of which we are sorry not to have it in our power to communicate to our readers. We wish the happy couple a safe return and a speedy reconciliation with the powers that be. The other is the seqvel of a romantic engagement, which would do at the basis of half a dozen novels in the Ledger. Rudolph Yent, of Saffenwil, and Fannie Matter, of Kolliken, Canton Aargaui, Switzerland, loved and befrothed three years ago. But not being able then to marry, he emigrated to this country, and has been working faithfully at his trade as a painter, to secure a competence at last he accumulated sufficient means, and remitted a sum to his affianced to defray her expenses across the ocean. After much anxious waiting she arrived in Louisville last week, and announced her arrival by letter. The faithful swain happened to be at work in the country, and did not get the important document until it had been three days in th post office. With the wings of love he sped to Louisville on the first train. But his dulcinea, alarmed at his silence, at the same time concluded to come to Frankfort in search of him, and they passed each other on the way, Overwhelmed with mutual disapointment, each took the first train back, and again passed each other without knowing it. A telegram finally set the matter right and Mis Fannie came to Frankfort to find her lover still faithfvll to his pledge On Tuesday night both being members of the Presbyterian church, they were married by Rev. Mr. Blayney, with the assistance of an interpreter in the presence of a full congregation, whose interests had been enlisted by the romantic incidents connected with the match. The groom is a handsome intelligent young man of excellent character, and the bride, we need not say, is worthy of him, as she has proven by her heroic devotion.

The following amusing story appears in the Paris Moniteur. A ludicrous practical joke was lately played at a hamlet called Yseron. in a mountain district near Lyons. In this hamet there lived a harmless idiot, of herculean stature, who habitually did a good day's work in the fields bvt was a standing butt for village pleasantry, and was commonly called the innocent. One day some young men told the innocent that a neighbor was dead, and that he would have to join with others in sitting up all night to watch the corpse. He made no objections, and was introduced into a cottage where a man simulating death was stretched on a bed. The outline of his face, seen through a sheet throw over it, formed a ghastly spectacle, which, when once seen is never forgotten. Two candles and some pots of incense were placed at the head of the bed. The party sat round for some time in solemn silence, the idiot behaving with as much propriety as any one else. But one by one the others slipped away and the innocent was left alone in the death chamber. Ehe intention was that the corps should jump up, walk about, and frighten him out of his poor stock of wits. The conspirators remained within a few yards of the cottage to watch the working of the plot. In less than a quarter of an hour they heard piercing screams and holding their sides already with anticipated laughter, they rush ed to the cottage to mock at their victim. But as they neared the door they found, to their surprise, that the howling voice was not of the innocent but of their comrade, who had agreed to personate the dead man. When they entered they found the innocent beating the corps with a broken flail, and but for timely succor the part which he had undertaken to play in joke would have been sadly earnest. When he jumped up from his grave clothes the "innocent," instead of being frightened, said coolly, "Dead man, be still," and proceeded to belabor him with a force which the joker was utterly incapable of resisting.

The Pacific Glass Works have moulds on the way for the manufacture of all sizes of demijohns and this branch of their business will soon give employment to fifty or sixty additional men, in covering the demijohns with willow. The works are now turning out large quantities of blacd and green glassware.

A large sign upon the building occupied by Meussdorffer & Co., Commercial street, between Moutgomery and Kearny, San Francisco, fell to the sidewalk below, barely missing two persons who happened to be passing at the time. The sign had become loosened by the earthquake and finally fell.

A rich lead was recently discovered in Calaveras county by accident. A rock was used to chock the wheels of a truck. It was crushed by the wheels and revealed a quantity of gold. A shaft was sunk and the ledge discovered. A ton of rock taken out will, it is thought yield $1,000.

A WORD WITH OUR READERS.

The readers of the IRISH NEWS know well that its columns are not often filled with that article known as editorial. We use neither a gas-pipe nor a low pipe in the performance of our duties; although occasions may arise, in the history of almost every periodical and newspaper, when such instruments may be used very properly, peculiarly, and, may be, beneficially to certain parties. We give in the most of our paper, such matter as, we hope, will interest and instruct our readers. And although we have not been troubled with many of our interior readers for a long time, owing to city and other matters which have engaged us at home, yet we hope soon to see them once more among our subscribers, and to ascertain their wishes, as it has been our custom in the past. In the mean time we ask their patience, while we assure them that no object in printing an Irish paper is to benefit them and do them good. We know that we cannot always please subscribers, but we assure them that in this respect we do the best we can under the circumstances. Our readers must be pretty well aware by this time that it takes considerable money to run a newspaper. They may gather this fact from the many appeals from agents and publishers that meet their eyes in the papers they take up and read. The IRISH NEWS never makes such appeals; we think that, in many cases, they are insulting to the feelings of subscribers. Whenever there is money to be collected in the country, we either go ourselves for it, or we send a reliable agent. But reliable agents are not always on hand. We go ourself, for nature has endowed us with a good pair of legs, and we can walk where we cannot get a free ride in a rail-road or stage. Many a dollar have we saved since we issued the first number of the IRISH NEWS. But it is good for the health, and therefore we object not; only, we do object to paying that some one of our subscribers, at not the day will make us the present of a worn-out mustang, bridle, saddle and all, so that we may ease our weary limbs in our declining years. Now that political excitement is subsiding and earthquake alarms are forgotten, we find it good to have a talk with our readers upon less fearful and distressing topics. It appears to us that the appropriate and natural calling of our paper is to support subscribers posted upon what is transpiring in Ireland and in its many provinces throughout the world; for, be it remembered, that Ireland, although not a governing power among the nations of Europe, where she is located, is undeniably a governing power in thousands of other places where the Sun doth shine, and upon her dominions, it does upon the dominions of her neighbors and that does her as well. It is our plain duty that we keep Irishmen posted upon matters interesting to them as a people aspiring to national independence in Europe. The most prominent agent used in the past and present, to achieve this darling ambition of the true sons of Ireland, is Fenianism. Upon the strength of this lever their hopes or their fears have been exerted. Some say the culminating point of this instrument of nationalization has been reached and passed, but kept as much as possible from view by designing leaders. One thing is clear, that the Fenian engine is at present, more stationary than progressive. But whether the locomotive has arrived at a comfortable way station, is laid up for repairs, or trying to raise steam, we are not advised; soon as we do, and all of this fact by the official organ, we shall not fail to tell our readers thereof. However, it shall be our constant aim in future, as it has been in the past, to keep our readers posted; this we will be better able to do the coming year, as we intend soon to go among our subscribers through the country, as we have done in the past, and ascertain their wants and wishes. THE EDITOR.

The election returns of this State are not yet complete, but no doubt of Grant's majority being over 500. Grant is elected President of the United States by an overwhelming majority of electoral votes. Full returns in our next, and some practical suggestions on the result.

LINES TO A SHORT LADY.

When anything abounds, we find
That nobody will have it;
But where there's little of the kind,
Then every one doth crave it.

It waves no evils, as 'tis known
Some husbands have confessed,
The man who's wife will surely own
A little one is best.

The God of love's a little wight—
But beautiful as thought;
The rose, tho' art little, fair as light,
And everything—in short.

Oh, pretty girl! I think thee so,
For mark the poet's song—
"Man wants but little here below,
Nor wants that little long."

The new Catholic Church at Mayfield, Santa Clara, under the pastoral charge of Father Bellomo, will be dedicated on Sunday, the 15th of November, by the Most Rev. Archbishop Alemany, at eleven o'clock A. M. By the last steamer from Panama, three more Priests arrived to exercise the sacred ministry in this Diocese. The names of the Rev. gentlemen are—Fathers O'Connor, Reddy and Garriga. Among the passengers who left New York on the steamer Arizona for California, on the 31st October, was Right Rev. Bishop Demers.

Up at the least deviation from their regular habits, many persons are subject to foul stomach and breath, want of appetite, nausea, dizziness, habitual and great weakness. Travelers, upon land and sea, should always provide themselves with a bottle of Dr. Walker's Vegetable Vinegar Bitters. It corrects the derangements of the system arising from changes of waters and irregularity of diet, creates a good appetites, and invigorates the stomach, as well as the mental faculties.

Twenty five years ago the first Catholic bishop in Wisconsin was consecrated. He had four priests under him. Now there are four bishops in the same Territory, and each of them has had many churches and many priests to look after.

REMOVAL NOTICE.—The Branch Office of the Union Mutal Life Insurance Company of Boston, Mass., has been this day removed from 226 Sansome street to their new office, Southeast corner of California and Kearny streets.
FITZGERALD & MOSS,
General Managers for the Pacific Coast.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

The city of San Francisco is a fair rival for another place in the world for dreadful tragedies. Deeds of description, which fairly make the blood curdle to narrate, are of so srequent occurrauce that the city reporter hardly lays down his pen, after having given an account of one affair, before he takes it up to give the particulars of another. The catalogue is interminable—never ending. Like the dread tomb, there is still room for others and others are coming. Why our deople should indulge in these terrible affairs more frequently than others, is a metaphysical speculation which we shall leave to others to explain. Our duty is to furnish the facts of each case as they comes. On Kearny street, between Vallejo and Green, lives the family of John J. McDonald, a tinsmith employed in the shop of Tay, Brooks & Backus This family consisted of fathor, mother, and daughter of fourteen, and two boys. The daughter was just blushing into womanhood, and gave promise of being a beautiful and noble woman. She was the pride the family, the apple of her mothers eye, the favorit of her father, and beloved by all her companions. She was a pupil in one of the public schools, and was highly esteemed by her teachers and fellow pupils. Lawritz Jacobson, the murderer and suicide, was a native of Denmark, aged about twenty-five years. He worked in the same shop with McDonald, and for some two years had been an inmate of the family. He was an excitable, impulsive fellow, but was not regarded as a bad man, or a desperate one. Living in the family, and seeing the daughter grow up to womanhood under his eyes, he formed a deep attachment for her, and some month ago began to pay her attentions which could not be misconstrued. The girl did not like him, frequently rebuffed his advances, but he persisted. Finally she laid the matter before her parents, and they, at her request, informed Jacobson that he would have to seek a home elsewhere. The family did not quarrel with him, but merely deemed it advisable to him to remove from amongst them. He did so, but frequently called upon them. He, however, could not obtain any interwiews with the object of his devotion, and the family not being as sociable with him as formerly, he became morosee discontented, and appeard to be brooding over something. His companions observed his actions, but attributed them to getting the mitten, as they called it. Matters continued thus for several days, when Jacobson proceeding to the residence of McDonald, invited Mrs. McDonald and her daughter to take a ride with him. The mother excused herself on account of household duties, when Jacobsen asked her to permit Rachel the daughter go. She gave her assent, but the girl positively refused to go with him, and no entreaty on his part could persuade her. He then left the house, and going to the school, got one of the girls little brothers, and gave him a ride. On Friday last he visited the house of McDonald, and remained a short time, and when he took his departure he appeared to be greatly excited. On Saturday evening, Jacobson again made his appearance at McDonald's house, and after handing the father an evening paper and conversing for a short time, departed, but after an absence of an hour or two he returned, bringing with him a couple of bottles of wine and some cakes. He appeared to be considerably excited, and talked in an incoherent manner. The members of the family imagined that he had been drinking, and that the liquor, having gone to his brain, caused his strange conduct. Subsequent event lead to the belief that the dreadful crime he contemplated was the cause of his nervousness. Entering the house, he insisted upon the members of the family drinking with him add opening the wine, he filled the goblets and handed one to each member of that little circle. They drank, while he stood by with folded arms, looking at them, a sinister smile playing over his lips. In attempting to refill the emptied glasses his hand trembled so badly that he upset a lamp and smashed the chimney. After the wine had been drank Jacobson took his departure, and after a short time every one of those who had partaken of the wine were taken sick, but not seriously. They, however, soon retired to their beds and fell into a troubled sleep. What became of Jacobuon after he took his departure from the house is not known, for he was not seen again until he was found in Miss Rachel's room, in the cold embrace of death, he having blown his brains out. It appears, however, that between the hours of twelve and one o'clock on Sunday morning, he returned to the house, and entered it by hoisting a window, and climbing through it in to a room occupied by the two boys once into this room, he had pulled off his boots, and in his stocken feet had proceeded to the chamber occupied by the sleeping girl. What took place within that room cannot be known, for no living person was a witness to the scene. Only the All-Seeing Eye observed the actions of the murderer. The first thing that we know is, that at the hour of one o'clock Mrs. McDonald was awakened from her slumbers by the shrieks of her daughter. She jumped from her bed, and ran toward the chamber door, when she heard the report of a pistol. She called her husband to bring a light, saying that some one was murdering the family. A second report was heard and it was followed by a heavy thug upon the floor, as if something had fallen upon it. The light being brought, the mother and father entered the room, and found their daughter lying upon the bed, with a bullet hole through her head. The weapon used by the murderer was a small four barrelled revolver. The ball entered just below the left ear and penetrated the brain to a depth of three or four inches, and the poor girl was moaning most piteously in her agony. Beside the bed, upon the floor, lay the lifeless body of Jacobson, he had driven a bullet through his brain, and his aim was intensely true. The ball had entered at nearly the centre of the forehead, and passing backward, had lodged in that portion of the brain called by anatomists medulla oblongata, causing instant death. The moment the stricked family comprehended the situation, they summoned the family physican, who called Dr. Lane in consultation. They probed the wound in the girls head to a depth of four inches, but found no trace of the bullet. At a late hour the right side of the little sufferer became paralyzed and although she seemed to be sensible at times, was unable to sweak. The body of the murderer and suicide was conveyed to the Dead House, where Coroner Letterman will hold an inquest over it. The girl lingered until nine o'clock yesterday morning, when she died. She never spoke after she received the wound, but lay in a comatose condition, until death ended her sufferings.—Call.

On last Saturday afternoon Brady street was the scene of a most frightful casualty, one which shoked the entire community, and punged whole families in davenport and Rock Island, into mourning. A little after three o'clock the splendid team of P. L. Mitchell, Esq., of Rock Island, was being driven down the street, with a carriage in which were seated Mrs. P. L. Mitchell, and her three daughters, Miss Laura, Mrs. H. T. Wadsworth, and Mrs W. C. Wadsworth the to last of this city, and Mrs. W. B. Grenell, Rock Island. Upon nearing the railroad track at the Fifth street crossing, a locomotive was heard approaching. At the request of the ladies the driver halted his team, and was pulling them round to face them up the street, when the engine came in sight. The near horse commenced tearing and plunginff, and detached his traces Then both annimals gave a sudden plunge to the left, the pole snapped, and down the hill they went on a mad run. They veered to the west side of Brady, and reached the middle of Fifth street, when the broken pole struck a stone the carriage was thrown at least six feet in the air, was whirled over with terrific velocity, and came down with a tremendous crash into the gutter, wheels uppermost, with all the ladies beneath it. Fortunatelly the horses left the vehicle, and sped down the street like frightened hounds. The bystanders near Fifth street, stood horror-stricken and dumb for a moment, and then there was a rush for the carriage. It was lifted to one side, and what a sight was there. Mrs. Mitchell lay with her face to the ground, her forehead pressing the sharp corner of a gutter stone. From a wound which extended from her right eye to the hair above the forehead the blood poured in streame. She was apparently lifeless. Mrs. Grenell was lying with her breast downwards, but with her head turned so that her face was upwards, senseless. The two were immediately taken up and conveyed to the residence of Dr. Worley, near by, and placed upon bods. The other ladies were raised to their feet and walked with a little assisstance to Dr. Worley. Mrs. Mitchell skull was found to be fractured for the entire length of the wound. She recovered her senses soon after restoratives were administered, talked some and recognized her husband, who arrived in about twenty minutes after the catastrophe. Soon after she went into spasms, which continued at intervals till half past 1 o'clock on Sunday morning, when she expired. Her remains were taken to Rock Island at noon. Mrs. Grenell had a bad wound at the back of her head which bled profusely. She laid in spasms for about half an hour and then became senseless, in which state she remained four hours. She then recovered enough to be able to say a few words, but passed into a state of stupefaction. At 11 A. M. she was placed upon a stretcher and carried to her home in Rock Island. At a late hour last evening she was still in a stupid condition. The injuries of the other ladies were confined to bruises, Miss Laura Mitchell being badly bruised about the body and shoulders. She suffered a good deal yesterday, Mesdames Wadsworth were also much indisposed yesterday Mrs. Mitchell was highly esteemed in Rock Island, where she has lived for more than ten years. Her husband is the well known banker of that city. She was the mother of Mrs. H. T. and Mrs. W. C. Wadsworth, and had extensive acquaintance in Davenport also. Here, as well as in her own city, her death will be sincerely mourned, her age was fifty-seven years. The horses went down Brady street with the speed of the wind. When nearly in front of Child & Co's store, the near horse struck the end of a dray shaft, which entered his side to the depth of six inches, and snapped in two as though it was a splinter. This checked the runaays a little, but the off horse pulled his mate which went at a wadding gait across Second street and to the alley below where he fell and died in about twenty minutes. The team was the most valuable span of carriage horses in this region, being worth at least 1,000 dollars. The carriage a superb one, was badly damaged.—Michigan paper.

In New York stock theaters the business manager gets $5,000 a year the stage manager, $60 a week, the leading lady, the same, the soubrettes, $50 and so on down to the ballet girls, who display themselves for 8 or 10 dollars a week.

Omaha has 12 churches, three hotels, 50 lawyers, 25 physicians, and two daily papers.

With Dyspeptics everything is wrong. Food does not digest; sleep does not refresh; wine does not cheer; smiles do not gladden; music does not charm, nor can any other joy enter the breast of the miserable dyspeptic. You must get rid of it or it will become seated and confirmed, and life will be a burden and existence a curse. PLANTATION BITTERS will do away with all this. New life, strenfith and energy will take possession of you. The damask will again bloom upon your cheek and the lustre in your eye will again be as bright as in your healthiest, happiest and most joyous days.

Many years ago the writer of this notice and an invalid physician, while visiting the Island of St. Croix for their health, experienced and witnessed many surprising and beneficial effects of the Rum there produced upon many of the invalids, who were, like ourselves, seeking health, and upon inquiry and investigation, obtained a full history of its medical virtues. He was delighted and surprised, and determined to make it the basis of a Tonic and Restorative Medicine. The result of his labors was a glorious success for himself and suffering humanity, for the celebrat d PLANTATION BITTERS was thus made known to the world, being an article of real merit founded on new principles, and relying wholly upon the vegetable world for its medicinal effects, worked a rapid revolution in the history of medicine.

Clean White Teeth—Nature has done well her work in bestowing these beautiful and useful orgens, and left to us the duty of protecting and preserving them. Dr. Spencer's Fragrant Sapoine is superior to any other dentifrice for sweetening the breath, preserving and beautifying the teeth, and completely, arresting the progress of decay.

Decayed Teeth.—Why does insidious decay so often destroy these important structures, even in childhood, or before middle age. In answer, we are forced to acknowledge that in nearly all cases it is our own neglect. The daily use of Dr. Spencer's Fragrant Sapoine, most nearly approaches nature's remedy It hardens and cleanses the gums, imparts a pearly whiteness to the teeth, and sweetens the breath, giving it a durable purity.

To keep the teeth and gums in a healthy condition, use Dr. Spencer's Fragrant Sapoine which contains an alkali to neutralize the acid, of which there is always more or less arising from decayed portions of food lodged in or about the teeth. The Fragrant Sapoine is the most pleasant and efficacious dentifribe that chemis ry has ever yet extracted from the vegetable kingdon.

Beauty Unadorned.—Handsome teeth and purity of breath is an advantage which can not be too highly prized, as the want of either is the most unfortunate circumstance that can befall beauty, and is alone sufficient to annihilate the most perfect, and otherwise inviting charms. The use of Dr. Spencer's Fragrant Sapoine will impart a delightfully refreshing taste and feeling to the mouth, and preserve the teeth in their pristine beauty.

From the Army Hospital, the bloody battle field; the mansion of the rich and the humble abode of the poor—from the office and the sacred desk; from the mountain top, distant valley and far-off islands of the ocean—from every nook and corner of the civilized world, is pouring in the evidence of the astonishing effects of Drake's Plantation Bitters. Thousands upon thousands of letters like the following may be seen at our office.

**** I have been in the Army Hospital for fourteen months, speechless and nearly dead. At Alton, Ill., they give me a bottle of Plantation Bitters. Three bottles have made me well again.

C. H. FLAUTE.

We have watched the course of so many distressed, emaciated and forlorn dyspeptics, of worn-out and prostrated females, who have taken a new lease of life, and gradually received vigor, strength, health and the power of social pleasure from the effects of Plantation Bitters, that we are not surprised at the Testimonials daily received. If it is a pleasure to do good in the world, how full must be the measure of the Proprietors of these celebrated Bitters.

The following is an extract from a private Letter written by the Proprietors of the Plantation Bitters.

We had no conception of the wide spread suffering which exists, or of the almost infallible cures produced by the Plantation Bitters, when we first commenced offering them for sale. We find that every house has a weak child, an ailing parent, or debilitated aged member, who need this Tonic Our Laboratory has grown from a single room to an immense building, and our sales from a few bottles to many hundred dozens per day, and we are glad to know that they have done you so much good.

Acute and chronic rheumatism, as well as gout, generally affect the joints, but other more vulnerable parts are also subject to their attacks. They are generally caused by vitiated blood, which is produced by derangement of the digestive organs. The most effective remedy that can be used for curing these painful affections, is Dr. Walker's Vegetable Vinegar Bitters—a remedy speedy and efficacious which will eradicate the disease, and remove the cause.

Perhaps the largest class of invalids who have soughi and obtained the happiest results from Dr. Walker's Vegetable Vinegar Bitters, include those whose indescribable complaints, for want of a better name, are known by the general term "Dyspepsia." Even the most delicate find immediase relief by a prudent use of the Bitters," for their penetrating properties search, cleanse and invigorate every portion of the human organism, correcting its diseased action, and restoring its healthy vitality. As a consequence of these properties, the invalid is astonished to find his health and energy restored by a remedy at once so simple and inviting.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

DR. P. E. P. DAVAN, FRENCH PHYSICIAN, SURGEON and ACCOUCHEUR after 20 years of close study, has succeeded in discovering the causes and the means of curing, in a short time, Consumption, Gout, Dyspepsia, Nervous Pains, Rheumatism, Heart Disease, Congestion of the Brain, Weak Eyes, Hysteria and other Diseases peculiar to Females, Epilepsy and many other Diseases until now reputed incurable.

However incredible his discoveries may appear, the doctor has in his possession the original official documents from foreign Governments, to establish their reality beyond all doubt.

As early as 1849, Dr. Davan was well known in Paris for his special studies upon the causes of incurable diseases. At the same period, while the cholera was still raging at Paris, he was nominated a member of the Medical Commission of Relief, and his services were so highly appreciated that they gained for him a most flattering testimonial from the municipal authorities, dated August 28, 1849.

Subsequently, Dr. Davan addressed a communication to the Imperial Academy of Medicine, at Paris, in respect to his medical discoveries. This letter is cited by the Hospital Gazette, of Paris, of Nov. 9, 1865.

Dr. P. E. P. DAVAN has just returned from Europe, where he spent three years in studies that made him familiar with the latest progress in medical science. This, added to his own discoveries, gives him the ability to cure many of those patients who often die very young.

This mortality can now be very greatly reduced, for nobody can contest the truth of this fact, that Dr. Davan cures fifteen or sixteen patients out of twenty, of those who are attacked by the maladies that cause so many victims.

Why not, then, employ the new aids that are thus offered to those that need them?

Why leave so many persons to die, when there exists a means of curing them?

How great is the responsibility of those on whom patients rely for sounsel and advice!

These are considerations that should be well weighed by the relatives and friends of those sufferers whose cases are so often and so wrongly called desperate.

Should there be persons desirous of purchasing one or more of these discoveries, they have only to apply to Dr. Davan.

In order to put an end to malicious accusations Dr. Davan gives notice to his patients that he holds subject to examination—

1st. His Diploma.

2d. The proofs furnished by Her Majesty the Empress of the French, on the 20th day of May, 1865, during the time that she was Regent of France; the order to His Excellency he Minister of Agriculture, Commerce and Public Works to cause to be sent to Dr. Davan a dispatch concerning his medical discoveries; that this Minister wrote to His Excellency the Minister of Foreign Affairs, and that the latter in return sent this order by a dispatch of the 28th June, 1865, signed Drouin de L'Huys, addressed to the Consul General of France at New York, with instructions to forward the same to Dr. Davan.

3d. Three letters of His Majesty the Emperor of the French.

4th. Three letters of His Excellency the Minister of Agriculture, Commerce and Public Works, concerning his (the Dr.'s) discoveries, and from the Imperial Academy of Medicine of Paris.

5th The document showing the medical service rendered by Dr Davan on account of the French Government.

6th. The documents proving that His Majesty the King of Wurtenberg, on the 24th December, 1865, appointed a Medical Commission on account of his (the Dr.'s) discoveries—a commission composed of the entire Medical college of Suttgart

7th. The proofs of the successful cures affected by the doctor in France, Germany, England at New York and at San Fraacisco.

DR. P. E. P. DAVAN,
No. 828 Washington street, between Dupont and Stockton, San Francisco. oc17

UNION MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

DIRECTORS' OFFICE, BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS.

INCORPORATED 1848

PRESIDENT. HENRY CROCKER
VICE PRESIDENT. DANIEL SHARP
SECRETARY, WHITING H. HOLLISTER.

Assets (securely invested) nearly	$4,000,000 00
Losses Paid, to date	2,000,000 00
Dividends Paid.	486,476 00
Received during the year for Premiums	1,333,405 48
Do. for Interest on Investments,	120,930 84
Income for the year	$1,454,336 32
Disbursements for the year, including Dividends and Losses	481,108 90

Income over Disbursements $973,227 42

THE QUESTION IS NO LONGER Shall I insure my Life? but, Where is it to my Advantage to Insure?

REASONS FOR INSURING IN THE

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1—Its Safety and Stability, acquired in its twenty years' experience.

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5—The Equitable Division of all Surplus of Premiums and Interest; annually apportioning to each Policy in the ratio of its contribution thereto.

6—That its Policies are all non-forfeitable.

Active and Efficient Agents Wanted for California. Apply to
R. F. FITZGERALD,
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California Steam Navigation Company

Office of the Company, northwest corner of Front and Jackson sts
SAN FRANCISCO.

Steamer CAPITAL.....Capt. E A POOLE
" CHRYSOPOLIS Capt. A FOSTER
" YOSEMITE.....
" CORNELIA.....Capt. W BROMLEY
" JULIA.....Capt. E CONCKLIN

Two of the above steamers leave BROADWAY WHARF at 4 o'clock P. M., EVERY DAY, (Sundays excepted) one for Sacramento and one for Stockton, the Sacramento boats connecting with light-draft steamers for Marysville, Colusa, Chico, and Red Bluff.

B. M. HARTSHORNE,
President
apl

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY OUR REPORT'R

Wholesale prices only.

Flour $4 75 to $6 25
Wheat, $1 50 to $1 75 per 100.
Barley, $2 05 to $2 20
Oats, $1 60 to $2 05 per 100 lbs
Corn Meal $3 50 to $3 75 per 100 lbs
Rye, $1 85 per 100 lbs
Potatoes, at $0 50 to 1 25c
Butter choice to prime roll of California Dairy. 65c to 75 per lb.
Eggs, 80c to 00c per dozen.
Lard, California, 14c; Eastern 12c.
Cheese, From 18c to 19c per lb
Beef, 6c to 9c per lb.
Veal, 6c to 10c per lb.
Mutton, 6c to 7c
Lamb, 8c to
Pork, fresh, 4 to 5c per lb.
Hens, $7, chickens $4 per doz.
Ducks, $4 to $5 per doz.
Geese, $0 to $2 25 per pair.
Turkeys, 16 per lb.
Hay, $10 00 to 14 per ton.
Bacon, 12c to 15c per lb.
Hams, 00c. to 17 for California Pork, in pickle, 20 to 24c

DR. SPENCER'S FRAGRANT SAPOINE,
A purely Vegetable Preparation for the Teeth.

It cleanses, whitens, and preserves the Teeth, prevents aching and arrests decay, removes tartar scurf acid accumulations and all other offensive substances from them; prevents ulceration and strengthens the gums, induces a healthy action and consequent firmness and brightness of color; imparts a delightful and refreshing feeling to the mouth, corrects disagreeable odors arising from decayed teeth, use of tobacco, bilious or acid stomachs, making it really such a toilet luxury as to insure its daily use by both children and adults a practice so essential to the preservation of the Teeth ann health of the gums, whilst the general demand for it at once announces the favor in which it is universally held. It is composed of the choicest and most recherche ingredients of the Vegetable Kingdom, and is of inestimable value of the preservation of the health and beauty of the Teeth and Gums. The importance of possessing a fine set of Teeth is universally acknowledged by all who attach the due value to Personal Advantages, while the indispensible agencies they fulfill in respect to the Functions of Health demands our utmost care and attention in their preservation. The decay of the teeth arises from various causes, but principally it may be attributed to early neglect, ill health, or the use of Tooth Powders containing mineral, or other deleterious acids which give a momentary whiteness to the teeth while they corrode the enamel. The extreme prevalence of teis last cause is too well known to need comment, and to this fact, indeed is to be attributed the most felicitiry disbovery ever given to the world for the preservation of teeth, gums, and breath, in DR. SPENCER'S FRAGRANT SAPONIE.

Sold by all druggists and dealers.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.
Proprietors and Druggist.
San Francisco and Sacramento, Cal, and 34 Platt Street, New York.

RICE'S MAGIC OIL.

The Greatest Discovery of The Age!

A REMEDY SELECTED FROM THE VEGtable kingdom, one that is immediate in its action and harmless in its nature. It is well adapted as a family medicine. It relieves many aches and pains that others have failed to. It is as well adapted to the infant as the adult.

RHEUMATISM relieved in fifteen minutes;
NEURALGIA, in fifteen minutes;
HEADACHE, in three minutes;
TOOTHACHE and EARACHE, in three minutes;
CRAMP CHOLIC, in ten minutes;
FLUX or DIARRHŒA, in twenty-four hours.

Fire extracted from Burns or Scalds in five minutes. The pain and soreness removed from CORNS and BUNIONS in one application.

☞REMEMBER the GENUINE.☜

Each Bottle bears the written signature of J. M. RICE. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers at 50 cents.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists and General Agents.

Mrsical Instruction Without Teacher.

WINNER'S PERFECT GUIDE for the Pianol Violen, Flute, Melodeon, Cabinet Organ, Guitar. Accordeon, Fife, Flageolet, and Clarionet, designed in its Lessons, Examples and Exercises to impart a Knowledge of playing without the aid of a teacher: with selections of choice Music. Price of each book 75 cents. Sent postpaid.

OLIVER DITSON & CO, Publishers Boston.
CHAS. H. DITSON & CO., New York,

NEW YORK RESTAURANT

Next door to Munkton's Drug Store,
CARSON CITY, State of Nevada.

THIS RESTAURANT HAVING BEEN NEWly refited throughout, is now open from five o'clock in the morning until ten o'clock at night, and is supplied with all the luxuries the Market affords. Give me a call.

WM. P. JOY.
Proprietor.

REGULATIONS.

The undersigned, to save much correspondence, would state the conditions on which deposits will be received by the California Building and Savings Bank, from the 1st day of January, 1868, to the 31st day of December, 1868:

First—Interest at the rate of ten per cent. per annum, clear of all city, State and Federal taxes, will be paid on all deposits which shall be 30 days in the Bank

Interest will be allowed on money from the date of its deposit, but no interest for fractional parts of a month.

No fees for pass books or entrances.

Second—Interest, if required, will be paid quarterly in San Francisco, or in any of the interior towns of the Pacific States. Also, in New York, London, Dublin. Paris and Hamburg.

Deposits may be withdrawn at any time on giving thirty days' notice, and will, if required, be forwarded in gold coin, to any place designated by the depositor. If interest be not drawn it will compound every six months.

Third—"Commercial Deposits" received to be checked for at sight, on which interest at the rate of one half per cent, per month will be allowed, in quarterly settlements, on the average daily balance.

Fourth—Children's Endowment Deposits" received under special conditions. By the present rate of Dividend on this class, such deposits double by compound interest every five years. One hundred dollars so deposited will come to nearly three thousand dollars in twenty-five years from date of deposit.

Calculated tables may be had at the office.

Deposits may be sent by Wells, Fargo & Co.'s, or other express agencies, by letter or by postoffice order, from any part of the United States or Europe. When received at the Bank a proper voucher will be returned.

The California Building and Savings Bank is a Joint Stock Company, established in 1861; has nine Directors, and assets amounting to one million and a quarter dollars, which is loaned on city real estate. By order.

THOMAS MOONEY, President.
California street, near Sansome, San Francisco. ja1 6m

THE SCIENCE OF HEALTH.
Every Man his own Physician.
HOLLOWAY'S PILLS,
.....AND.....
HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

Disorders of the Stomach, Liver, and Bowels.

The stomach is the great centre which influences the health or disease of the system—Abused or debilitated by excess—indigestion, offensive breath and physical prostration are the natural consequences. Allied to the brain, it is the source of headaches, mental depression, nervous complaints, and unrefreshing sleep, The Liver becomes affected and generates billious disorders, pains in the side, etc. The Bowels sympathise by Costiveness, Diarrhœa and Dysentry. The principal action of these Pills is on the stomach, and the liver, lungs, bowels and kidneys participate in their recuperative and regenerative operation.

Erysipelas and Salt Rheum,

Are two of the most common and virulent disorders prevalent on this continent, to these th Ointment is especially antagonistic, its "*modus operandi*" is first to eradicate the venom and then complete the cure.

Bad Legs, Old Sores, and Ulcers.

Cases of many years' standing, that have pertinaciously refused to yield to any other remedy or treatment, have invariably succumbed to a few applications of this powerful unguent.

Ernptions on the Skin.

Arising from a bad state of the blood or chronic diseases, are eradicated, and a clear and transparent surface regained by the restorative action of this Ointment. It surpasses many of the cosmetic and other toilet appliances in its power to dispel rashness and other disfigurements of the face.

Female Complaints.

Whether in the young or old, married or single, at the dawn of Womanhood, or the turn of life, these tonic medicines display so decided an influence that a marked improvement is soon perceptible in the health of the patient. Being a purely vegetable preparation, they are a safe and reliable remedy for all classes of Females in every condition of health and station of life.

Piles and Fistula.

Every form and feature of these prevalent and stubborn disorders is eradicated locally and entirely by the use of this emolient; warm fomentations should precede its application. Its healing qualities will be found to be thorough and invariable.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:

Bunions,	Swelled Glands,
Burns,	Sore Legs,
Chapped Hands,	Sore Breasts,
Chiblains,	Sore Heads,
Fistula,	Sore Throats,
Gout,	Sores of all kinds,
Lumbago,	Sprains,
Mercurial Eruptions,	Stiff Joints,
Piles,	Tetter,
Rheumatism,	Ulcers,
Ringworm,	Venereal Sores,
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From the

AMERICAN JOURNAL OF PHARMACY,

May, 1865.

Edited by WM. PROCTOR, JR.,

Professor of Pharmacy in the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy.

H

"Will the Fluid Extracts go out of use owing to the high price, or can we have some authoritative modification of the formulas by which we can make them at a more reasonable cost?"

"If the latter, shall the change be in the quality of the monstruum, or in the manner of applying it, so as to reduce the quantity requisite? Can there be a convocation of the Committee of Revision to authorize some new method or modification of the present recipies?"

With regard to the contemplated change in the quantity, or in the menstrumm itself, in the preparation of fluid extracts, I would take occasion to say that in medicine the health of the patient is the great object to be gained,

The cost of material is something, but when put into the scale with human health, and often human life, it is hardly worthy of consideration at all. Buchu (Helmbold's) will continue to be made as formerly, and if it cannot be maintained at present prices, they will have to be advanced to meet the advance in the price of material. To such as desire quantity istead of qality, we would say that water is a cheap commodity, and may be readily added by the person using the medicine, if he desires to do so.

H. D. HELMBOLD, Druggist and Chemist,
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E

Helmbold's Highly Concentrated Compound Fluid Extract of Buchu

Is a certain and safe remedy, pleasant in taste and odor, and immediate in its action in all diseases of the blader and kidneys, gravel, dropsy, organic weakness, obstruction of urine, whether existing in mrle or female, and no matter of how long standing.

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See most of the late standard works of medicine.

L

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is composed of Buchu, cubebs and juniper berries, prepared in vacuo by H. T. HELMBOLD, and sold at his Drug and Chemical Warehouse, No 594 Browdway, New York.

M

A Case of Twenty Years' Standing.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., February 25, 1865.

DEAR SIR—I have been a sufferer for upward of twenty years, with gravel, bladder, and kidney affections, during which time I have used various medicinal preparations, and been under the treatment of the most eminent physicians, experiencing but little relief.

Having seen your preparations extensively advertised, I consulted with my family physician in regard to using your extract Buchu.

B

I did this because I used all kinds of advertised remedies, and had found them worthless, and some quite injurious; in fact, I despaired of ever getting well, and determined to use no remedies hereafter unless I knew of the ingredients. It was this that prompted me to use your remedy. As you advertized that it was composed of Buchu, cubebs and juniper berries, it occurred to me and my physician as an excellent combination, and with his advice, after an examination of the article, and consulting again with the druggist, I concluded to try it. I nommenced its use about eight months ago, at which time I was confined to my room.

O

From the first bottle I was astonished and gratified at the beneficial effect, and after using it three weeks was able to walk out. I felt much leke writing you a full statement of my case at the time, but thought my improvement might only be temporary, and, therefore, concluded to defer and see if it would effect a perfect cure, knowing then it would be of greater value to you and more satisfactory to me.

I AM NOW ABLE TO REPORT THAT A CURE EFFECTED AFTER USING THE REMEDY FOR FIVE MONTHS.

I HAVE NOT USED ENY NOW FOR THREE MONTHS, AND FEEL AS WELL IN ALL RESPECTS AS I EVER DID.

Your Buchu being devoid of any unpleasant taste and odor, a nice tonic and invigorator of the system, I do not mean to be without it whenever occasion may require its use in such affections.

M. McCORMICK.

L

PHYSICIANS, PLEASE NOTICE,

I Make no Secret of Ingredients.

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And many others, if necessary.

D

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EUREKA
VINEGAR BITTERS.

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Such as Consumption, Bronchitas, Catarrh, Paralysis, Chronic Diarhæa, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Fever and ague, Jaundice, Seminal weakness, Rheumatism, Piles, Scrofula, Sore Eyes, Etc., Etc.,

For no person can take these Bitters according to directions, with proper nursing, and remain long unwell.

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IS THE GREAT
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Increasing the Powers of Digestion, Exciting the Absorbents into Healthy Action, by which all impurities of the System are carried off; by causing a solution of the diseased deposits, and by Purifying the blood. it

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Propulsus Uteri, Whites, Monthly Irregularities, Suppression, Incontinence of Utine ets, Whether in the Young or Old, Married or Single, at the dawn of Womanhood or the turn of life, these Tonic "Bitters" display so decided an influence that a marked improvement is soon perceptible in the health of the patient. Being a purely Vegetable Preparation, it is a safe and reliable remedy for all classes of Females, in every condition of health and station of life. It is an infallible remedy for those many serious complaints which have their origin in Derangement of the Liver, such as Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Indigestion, Costiveness Intermittant and Remittant Fevers, Colic, and Dysentery, Chills, Nervous and Sick Headache, etc.,

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None genuine unless signed

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Every Scientific medical man knows that the combined influence of several ingredients in certain fixed proportions, subserves an effect that cannot be attained by the same ingredients seperate, or in different combinations. So with this compound. The chemical affinities which are brought to co-operate in the union of the various ingredients constituting the Liniment, render it an article of universal potency as a cure for Rheumatism, Chilblains, Whitlows, Caked Breasts Sore Nipples, Cramps Boils, Bites of Animals, Weakness of the Joints Contraction of the Muscles, Burns and Scalds, Frost Bites, Painful Nervous Affections, Chapped Hands, Lame Backs, Pain in the Side Swellings, Tumors, Toothache, Old Sores, Hemorriholds or Piles, Flesh Wounds, Galls of all kinds, Sprains, Bruises, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Poll Evil, Windgalls, Callous Spavins, Sweeny, Fistula, Sitfast, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Springhalt, sand Cracks, Lameness. sprains, Foundered Feet, Mange, Garget in Cows, cracked Teats, Foot Rot in sheep, and many othar diseases incident to Man and Beast.

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These steamers will positively sail at 11 o'clock. Passengers are requested to have their baggage on board before 10 o'clock.

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Losses Paid, to date	2,000,000 00
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Received during the year for Premiums	1,333,405 48
Do. for Interest on Investments,	120,930 84
Income for the year	$1,454,336 32
Disbursements for the year, including Dividends and Losses	481,108 90

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THE QUESTION IS NO LONGER shall I insure my Life? but, Where is it to my Advantage to Insure?

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To the Afflicted.

DR. W. K. DOHERTY returns his sincere thanks to his numerous patients for their patronage, and would take this opportunity to remind them that he continues to consult at his Institute for the cure of chronic diseases of the Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Digestive and Genito Urinary Organs, and all Private Diseases, viz: Syphillis in all its forms and stages, Seminal Weakness, and all the horrid consequences of Self-abuse; Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, Nocturnal and Diurnal Emissions, Sexual Debility Diseases of the Back and Loins, Inflammation of the Bladder and Kidneys, etc., etc.; and he hopes that his long experience and success in practice will continue to insure him a share of public patronage. By the practice of many years in Europe and the United States, he is enabled to apply the most efficacious and successful remedies against diseases of the Teeth ann health of the gums, whilst the general demand for it at once announces the favor in which it is universally held. It is composed of the choicest and most recherche ingredients of the Vegetable Kingdom, and is of inestimable value of the preservation of the health and beauty of the Teeth and Gums. The importance of possessing a fine set of Teeth is universally acknowledged by all who attach the due value to Personal Advantages, while the indispensible agencies they fulfill in respect to the Functions of Health demands our utmost care and attention in their preservation. The decay of the teeth arises from various causes, but principally it may be attributed to early neglect, ill health, or the use of Tooth Powders containing mineral, or other deleterious acids which give a momentaty whiteness to the teeth while they corrode the enamel. The extreme prevalence of teis last cause is too well known to need comment, and to this fact, indeed is to be attributed the most felicitiery disbovery ever given to the world for the preservation of teeth, gums, and breath, in DR. SPENCER'S FRAGRANT SAPONIE.

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DR. DOHERTY would call attention to the following certificates, from two of his patients who, having fully recovered their health, desire to make known their remedial agent. It will be seen their statements are fully authenticated by a notary public. The welfare of society imperiously demands their publicity, and they are given more to warn the unwary than to notify the praises of a physician, of whom hundreds like cases can be cited, during a practice of more than fifteen years.

A CASE OF GLEET AND STRICTURE.

DR. DOHERTY—Dear Sir: I find my health fully restored that, in common gratitude, I believe I should make you some written acknowledgment for your valuable services—particularly so as your fee was small for the work performed.

I arrived in this city from the East about one year ago, and was then suffering from an old case of Gleet, complicated with Stricture. The latter was so bad that I feared an entire stoppage of urine. Being a stranger in this city, and believing that those Doctors who gave such positive assurances of success were necessarily the best, I placed myself in their charge, and continued under their treatment until I had lost nearly all hope and a considerable sum of money.

I wish to say now that you are the sixth Doctor I have employed, and the only one that has ever done me any service. My Gleet is wholly cured, the Stricture is all removed, and my general health is better than it has been for years.

In conclusion, I would say to the many unfortunates who require medical advice, if you have any doubt as to whom you should employ, ask for DOHERTY for my address, and call and see me (I keep store in this city.) My experience may save you many dollars.

I would also add, that in the early stage of my disease, I used a large amount of the preparations advertised as an infallible cure for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, etc., but never derived any benefit from them.

I am, Doctor, very truly, yours, L—— H——
San Francisco, June 16, 1864.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of July, A. D. 1864. A. S. GOULD,
[L. S.] Notary Public.

SEMINAL WEAKNESS—A SWORN-TO CERTIFICATE OF MOST REMARKABLE CURE OF SPERMATORRHŒA.

A desire to benefit suffering humanity, and a feeling of gratitude to DR. W. K. DOHERTY alone induces me to make this statement. For many years I had been af